## THE UNIFORM ISOCHRONOUS CENTERS WITH HOMOGENEOUS NONLINEARITIES OF DEGREE 5

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ABSTRACT. In this paper we classify the topological phase portraits of polynomial differential systems with a uniform isochronous center, whose nonlinear part is a homogenous polynomial of degree 5. We prove that there are three distinct topological phase portraits in the Poincaré disc for such differential systems.

## 1. INTRODUCTION AND STATEMENT OF THE MAIN RESULTS

In the XVII century people started the interest in the isochronous centers with the works of C. Huygens, see [9]. In fact in many physical problems appears the isochronicity phenomenon, see for instance [5]. A point  $p \in \mathbb{R}^2$  is a *center* if it is an equilibrium point of a planar differential system having a neighborhood U of p such that all the orbits in  $U \setminus \{p\}$  are periodic. For each point  $q \in U \setminus \{p\}$  we denote by T(q) the period of the periodic orbit passing through q. If T(q) is constant for all  $q \in U \setminus \{p\}$ , then p is called an *isochronous center*. Of course, if p is isochronous

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