

W-maps and harmonic averages

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July 2012

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

Thanks

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

I am grateful to the organizers for the invitation and giving me a chance to present my results.

$$H(a,b) = \frac{2}{\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}}$$

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

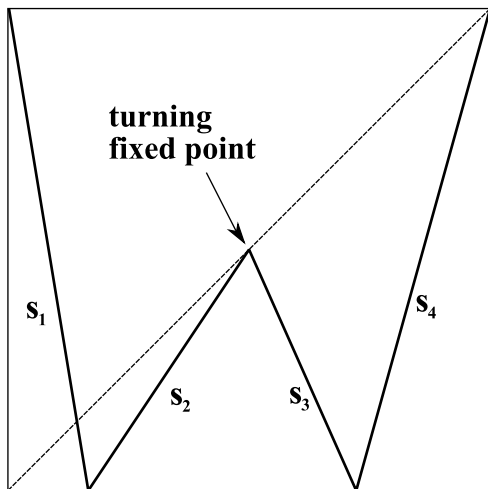
The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References



First considered by G. Keller (1994) with $s_1 = s_4 = 4$,
 $s_2 = s_3 = 2$.

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

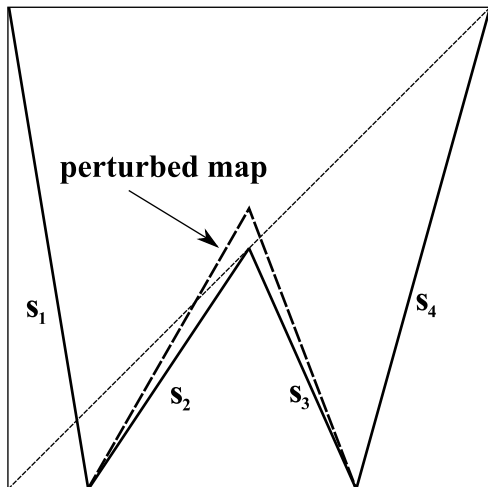
acim = absolutely continuous invariant measure

We consider τ_0 with acim μ_0 and a family of perturbations τ_a with acim's μ_a such that $\tau_a \rightarrow \tau_0$ as $a \rightarrow 0$, say in Skorokhod metric.

We say, τ_0 is acim stable if $\mu_a \rightarrow \mu_0$ as $a \rightarrow 0$, say in weak* topology.

Keller constructed perturbations such that his W-map was not acim stable under these perturbations.

Our perturbations



Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

Why is there a problem?

From standard Lasota-Yorke (1973) inequality it follows that τ is acim stable if $|\tau'| \geq \lambda > 2$. Stability of isolated eigenvalues and corresponding eigenfunctions of Frobenius-Perron operator was proved by Keller and Liverani (1999).

Standard method to improve the slope is to consider an iterate of τ . It does not work for perturbations of a map with a turning fixed point.

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

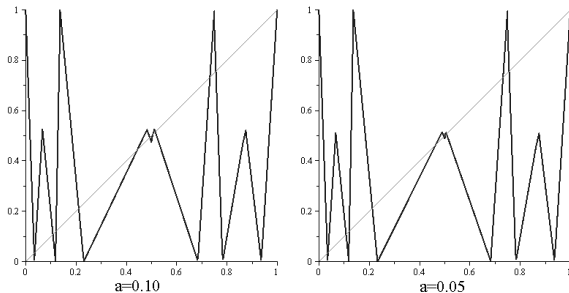
Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

Second iterates for $a = 0.10$ and $a = 0.05$:



Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

Three cases:

$\frac{1}{s_2} + \frac{1}{s_3} > 1$: There exists a small invariant subinterval around the turning fixed point x_0 and

$$\mu_a \rightarrow \delta_{\{x_0\}} ,$$

*-weakly.

$\frac{1}{s_2} + \frac{1}{s_3} = 1$: for example $s_2 = s_3 = 2$.
 τ_a are exact on $[0, 1]$ and

$$\mu_a \rightarrow \alpha \delta_{\{x_0\}} + (1 - \alpha) \mu_0 ,$$

*-weakly. To prove this we used the general formulas for acim of piecewise linear eventually expanding maps (Góra, 2009).

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

The results:

$\frac{1}{s_2} + \frac{1}{s_3} < 1$:
 τ_0 is acim stable, i.e.,

$$\mu_a \rightarrow \mu_0 ,$$

not only $*$ -weakly but also in L^1 . The proof is based on a slightly stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality (Eslami and Góra, to appear).

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality:

Theorem

Let $\tau : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1]$ be piecewise expanding with q branches, piecewise C^{1+1} and satisfy

$$\eta = \max_{1 \leq i < q} \left(\frac{1}{s_i} + \frac{1}{s_{i+1}} \right) < 1, \quad (1)$$

where $s_i = \min |\tau'_i|$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$.

Then, for every $f \in BV([0, 1])$,

$$\bigvee_I P_\tau f \leq \eta \bigvee_I f + \gamma \int_I |f| dm. \quad (2)$$

$\gamma = \frac{M}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s \min_{1 \leq i \leq q} m(I_i)}$, where $s = \min s_i$, I_i is the domain of branch τ_i and M is the common Lipschitz constant of τ'_i , $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$.

[Contents](#)[Harmonic mean \(average\)](#)[W-map](#)[Acim Stability of map \$\tau\$](#) [The results](#)[Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality](#)[Minimax problem](#)[Lower bound for the densities](#)[References](#)

Now, the whole stability theory holds under the above slightly weaker assumption.

In particular, Ulam's approximation method works under the assumption (1), (Góra and Boyarsky, to appear in Discrete and Continuous Dynamical System - A).

Ulam's method works also for standard W-map ($s_1 = s_4 = 4, s_2 = s_3 = 2$).

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

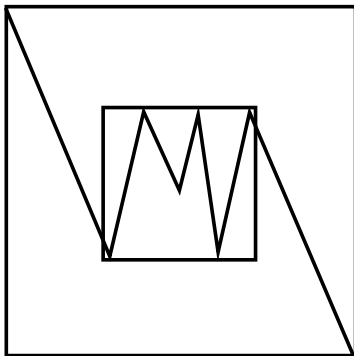
Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

A small detail

The above inequality holds if we assume additionally that $\tau(0), \tau(1) \in \{0, 1\}$. This restriction can be removed considering our system onto a slightly bigger interval and properly extended:



[Contents](#)

[Harmonic mean \(average\)](#)

[W-map](#)

[Acim Stability of map \$\tau\$](#)

[The results](#)

[Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality](#)

[Minimax problem](#)

[Lower bound for the densities](#)

[References](#)

[Contents](#)[Harmonic mean \(average\)](#)[W-map](#)[Acim Stability of map \$\tau\$](#) [The results](#)[Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality](#)[Minimax problem](#)[Lower bound for the densities](#)[References](#)

The constant

$$\eta = \left(\frac{1}{s_1} + \frac{1}{s_2} \right)$$

shows up in the following minimax problem:

Let $s_1, s_2 > 1$ and $\alpha + \beta = c$, where $\alpha, \beta > 0$. Then,

$$\min_{\alpha, \beta} \max \{s_1 \alpha, s_2 \beta\} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{s_1} + \frac{1}{s_2}} c .$$

Proof: We have

$$\min_{\alpha, \beta} \max \{s_1 \alpha, s_2 \beta\} = \min_{\alpha} \max \{s_1 \alpha, s_2(c - \alpha)\} .$$

The line $f(\alpha) = s_1 \alpha$ is increasing while the line $g(\alpha) = s_2(c - \alpha)$ is decreasing. The $\min_{\alpha} \max \{s_1 \alpha, s_2(c - \alpha)\}$ occurs where the lines intersect, i.e., at

$$\alpha = \frac{s_2 c}{s_1 + s_2} ,$$

which gives

$$\min_{\alpha, \beta} \max \{s_1 \alpha, s_2 \beta\} = \frac{s_1 s_2 c}{s_1 + s_2} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{s_1} + \frac{1}{s_2}} c .$$

[Contents](#)[Harmonic mean \(average\)](#)[W-map](#)[Acim Stability of map \$\tau\$](#) [The results](#)[Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality](#)[Minimax problem](#)[Lower bound for the densities](#)[References](#)

If piecewise expanding τ satisfies

$$\eta = \max_{1 \leq i < q} \left(\frac{1}{s_i} + \frac{1}{s_{i+1}} \right) < 1 ,$$

then for arbitrary small interval J the largest connected component of $\tau^n(J)$ grows as $\eta^{-n}m(J)$ until it contains a whole domain I_i of one of the branches of τ .

For one transformation density is bounded away from 0 (Keller 1978, Kowalski 1979).

It is possible to construct a family of piecewise expanding maps τ_n with slopes $|\tau'_n| > 2$, with acims $\mu_n = f_n m$, converging to the standard W-map such that $\text{supp } f_n = [0, 1]$ and $\mu_n \rightarrow \delta_{\{1/2\}}$ *-weakly. Then, there is no uniform lower bound for densities f_n (Li, preprint).

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ






The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

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Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ


The results


Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality


Minimax problem


Lower bound for the densities


References


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Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ

The results

Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality

Minimax problem

Lower bound for the densities

References

Contents

Harmonic mean (average)

W-map

Acim Stability of map τ


The results


Stronger Lasota-Yorke inequality


Minimax problem


Lower bound for the densities

References

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